



Approaching diversity through differentiation in the classroom

Hingor Chung

Taroona High School

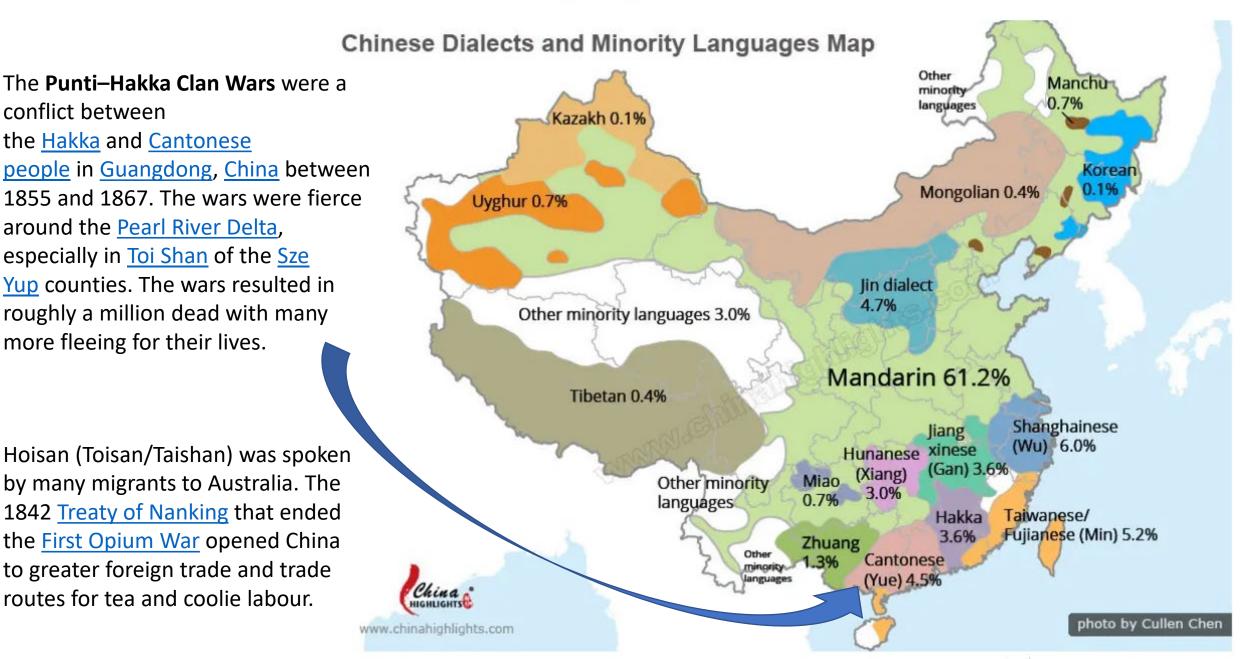
(Department of Education Grade 7-10) HOBART

Chinese Japanese Indonesian Drama Camps

hingor.chung@education.tas.gov.au

The Han Language

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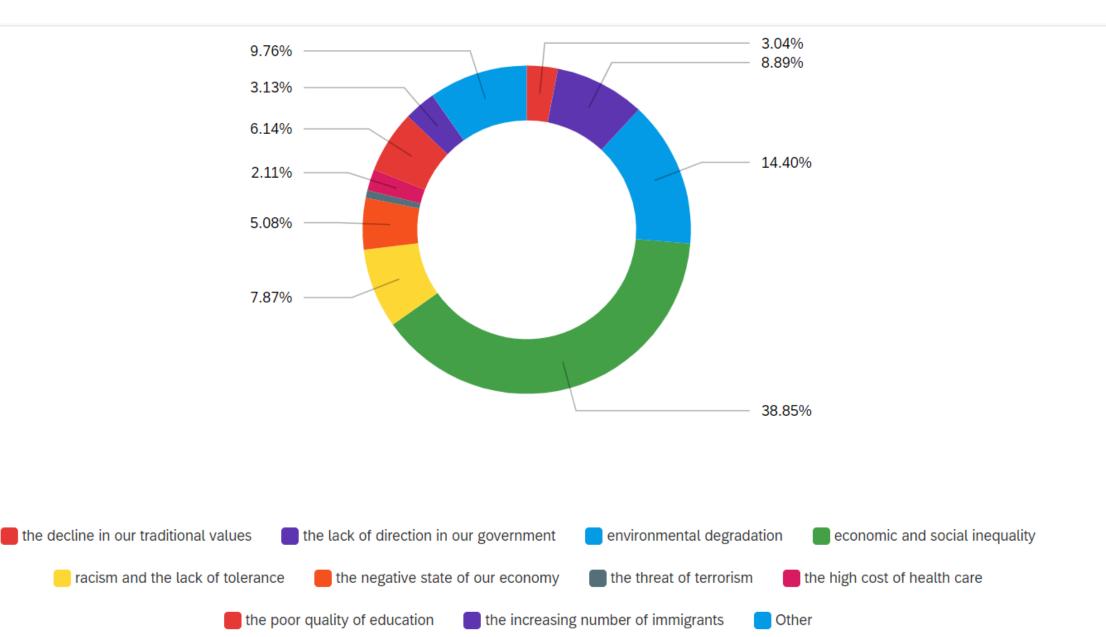




Women diversity Proud Wellbeing Progressive Recognition Intersectionality Science Academic Inclusiveworkplace Understanding **PrideProa** Ambitious ValuedAC Supportive Awaren ess Respect **e**Visibility Balance **C** C Inclusivity Supporting Progress Impartiality Equity Mainta Inclusiveness dignity Creativity Feminism Development esenta Support Empowering L Gender Diverse

Problems that worry people the most

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Foreign language study isn't *just* about training every student to replace a translator;

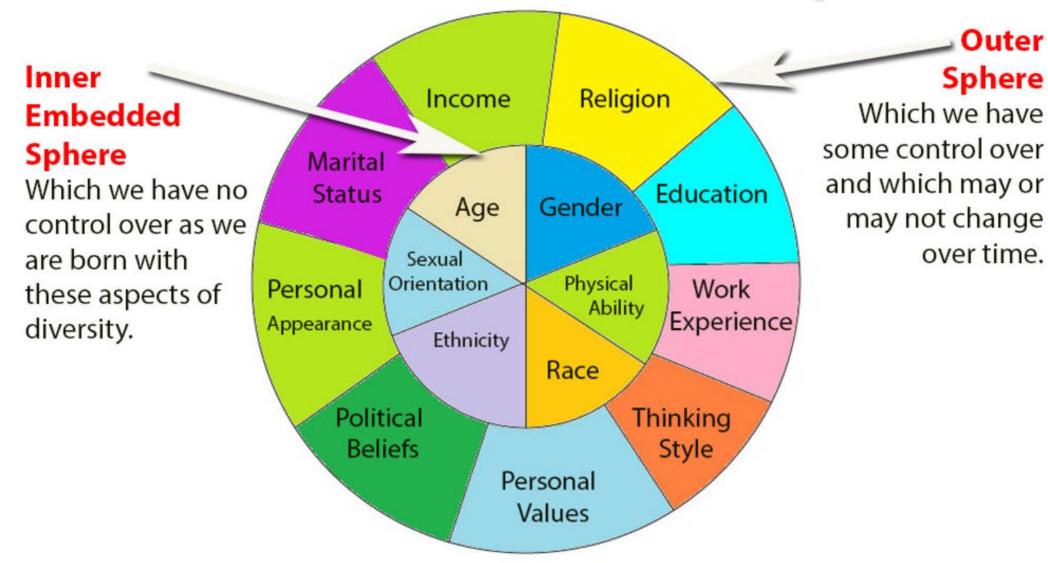
it's about building a society of citizens that invoke mutual trust, respect, and possess the disposition to collaborate. These are critical elements of a world

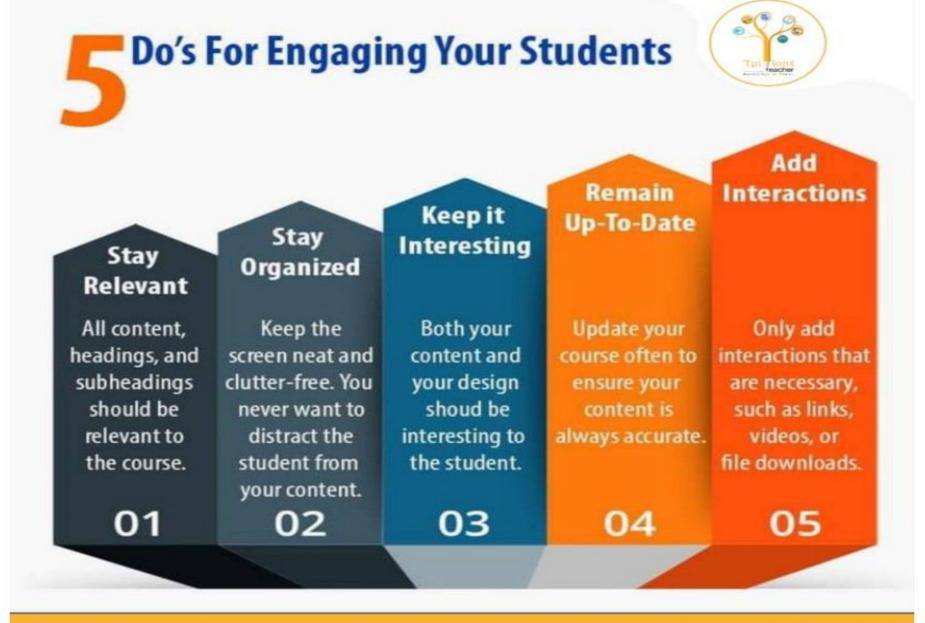
seeking a shared sense and responsibility for security and prosperity.

<u>http://asiasociety.org/future-speaks-chinese</u>



Dimensions of Diversity





ttp://www.tuitionsteacher.com





TRAUMA-REACTIVE

- Fragmented
- Reactive
- No felt safety
- Overwhelmed
- Fear-driven
- Rigid
- Numb



TRAUMA-INFORMED

- Resists re-traumatizing
- Recognizes socio-
- cultural trauma
- Realizes widespread
- impact
- Recognizes effects
- Responds by shifting
- practice



HEALING ORGANIZATION

- Integrated
- Reflective
- Collaborative
- Relationship-centered
- Growth and Prevention-
- Oriented
- Flexible & adaptable
- Equitable & inclusive



Source: <u>http://traumatransformed.org/wp-content/uploads/Copy-of-TOTIHO-Updated-040319-</u> <u>11x17 Healing-Organization-Chart.pdf</u>

Equality vs Diversity vs Inclusion

More Information Online

WWW.DIFFERENCEBETWEEN.COM

Equality

Equality refers to providing equal opportunities to everyone and protecting people from being discriminated

Diversity

Diversity refers to recognizing, respecting and valuing differences in people

Inclusion

Inclusion refers to an individual's experience within his/her workplace and in society, and the extent to which he/she feels valued and included

FUNCTION

Acts against discrimination

Recognizes and respect differences Gives an individual value and a feeling of inclusion

Let's have 'diversity' appear in our resources



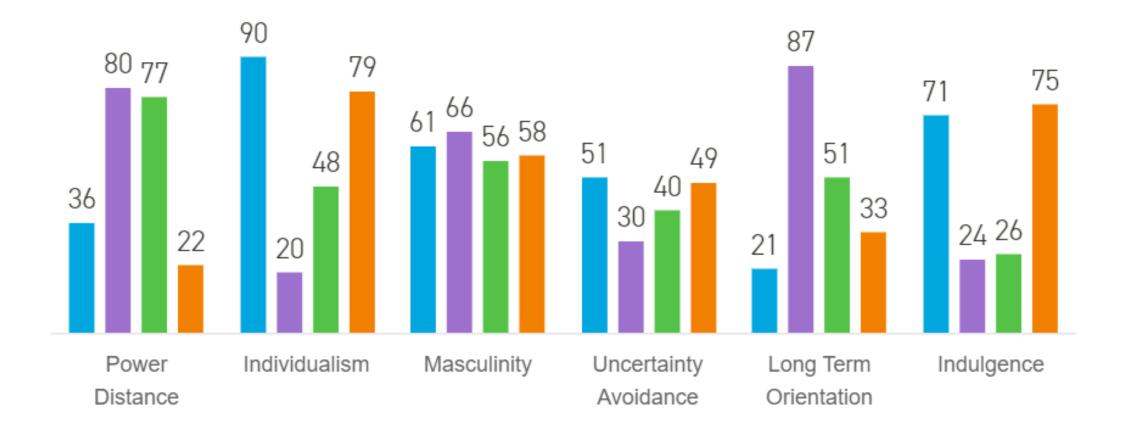


Information is conveyed explicitly

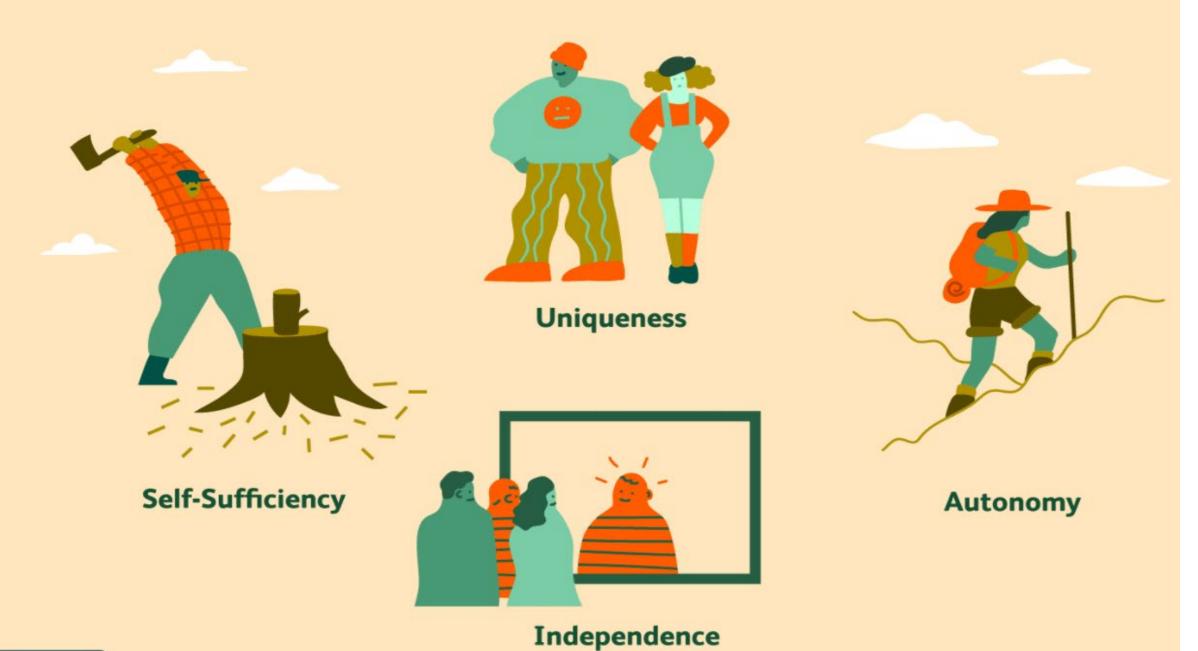
Relationships are short-lived







Traits of Individualistic Cultures

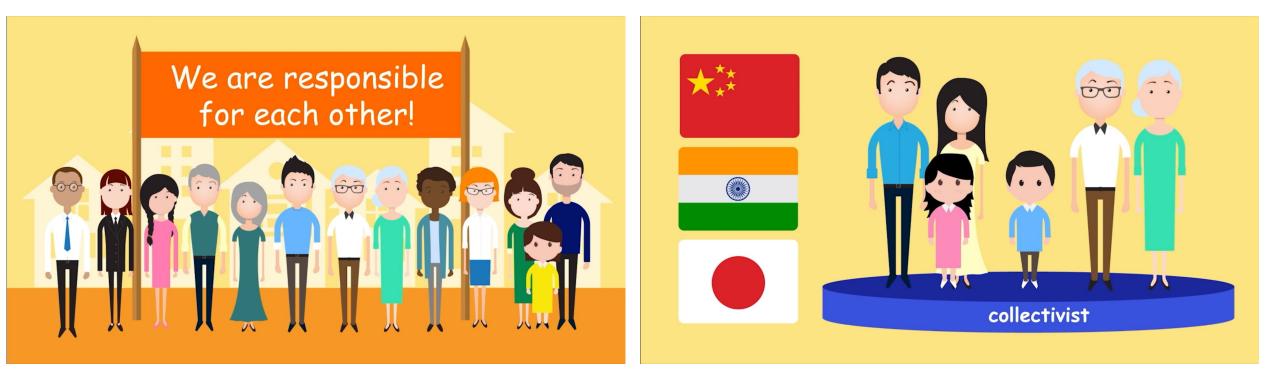


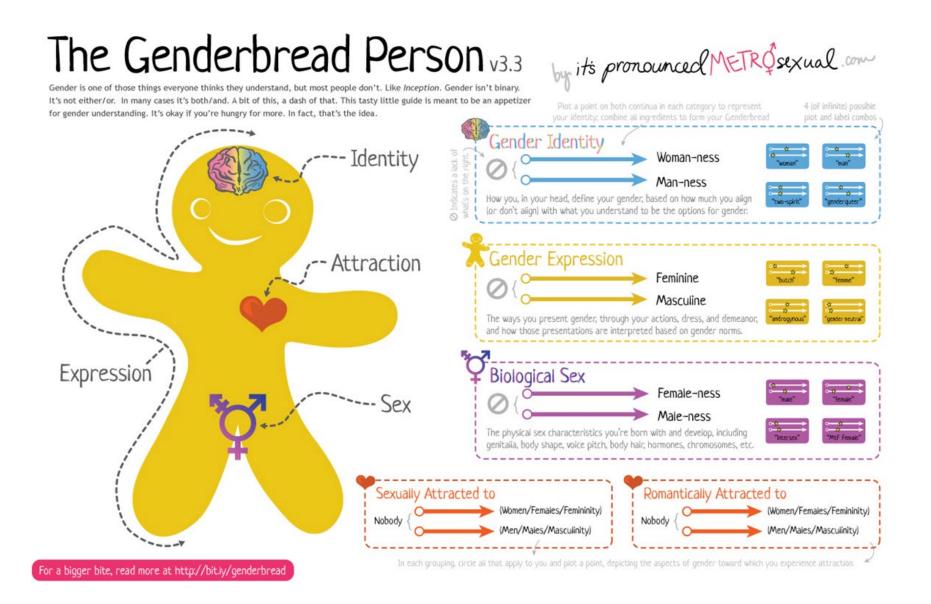
Differences Between Individual and Collective Culture

- 1. The pivotal unit is the individual
- 2. Space and privacy are important
- 3. Communication tends to be direct, explicit and personal
- 4. Business Is transactional and competitive

- 1. The pivotal unit is the group
- 2. Space and privacy are less important than relationship
- 3. Communication is intuitive, complex, and impressionistic
- 4. Business is relational and collaborative

ME culture? and WE culture?



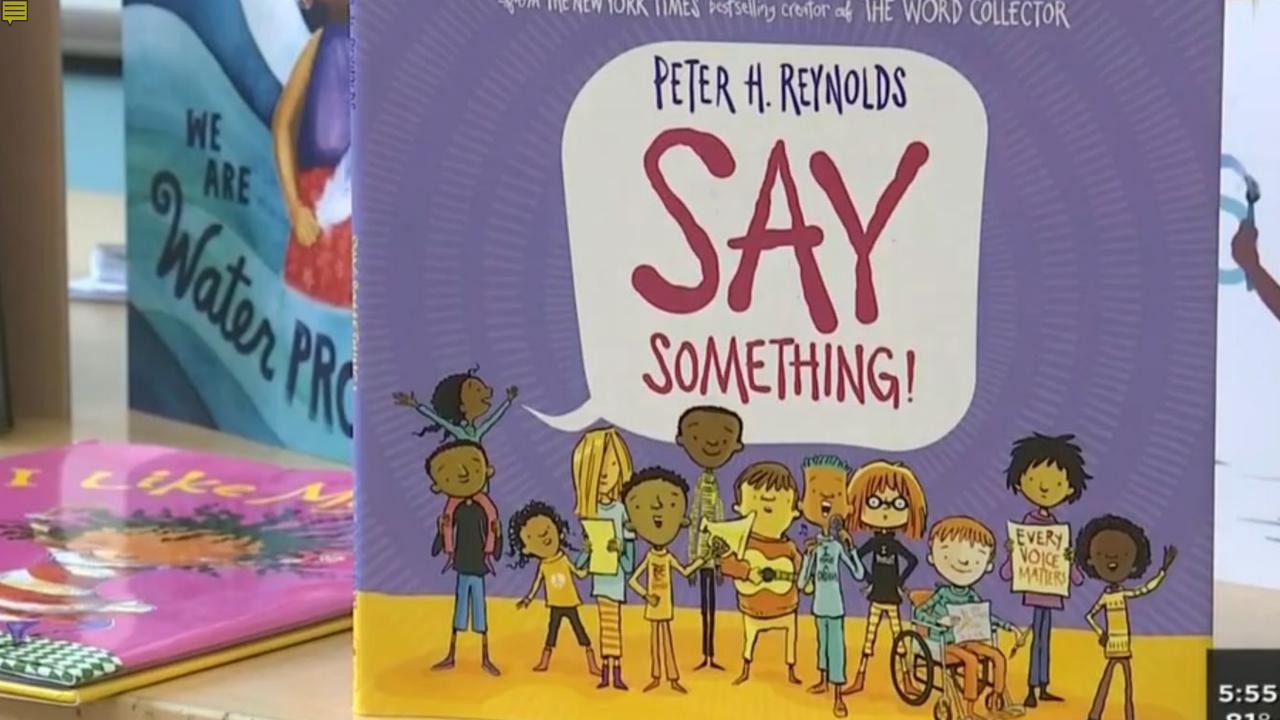


Some of us have no say

We are born in communities

We are born as individuals

We want to be like others and belong



yùndòngyuán







Raise cultural awareness Use current images Use cartoons Give clear signalsparallel images



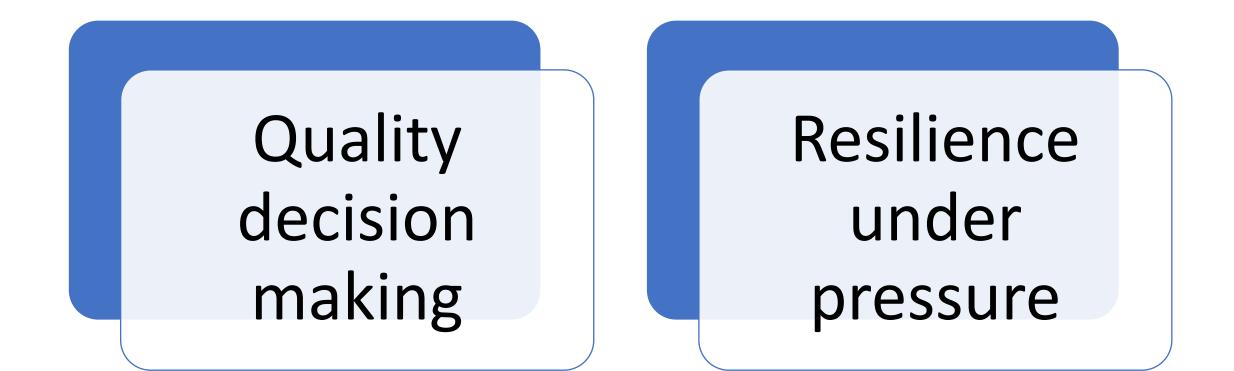


Scope for incidental learning





accommodated and included





Everyone Learn to Swim!

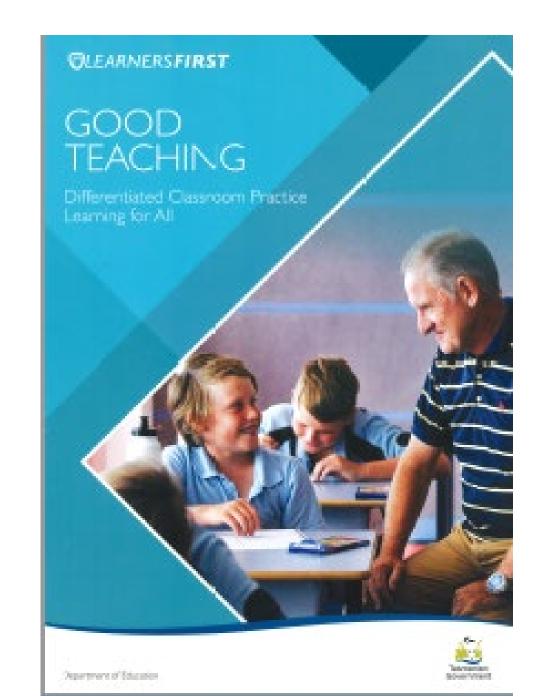
diversity feeds our curiosity & expands risk management skills



Effective teachers plan ways to respond to the needs and interests of their students.

They are aware that students bring to their learning experiences a range of:

- life experiences
- understandings and prior knowledge
- socio-economic or cultural backgrounds
- abilities and preferred modes of learning.



These can influence each student's:

- readiness to learn
- rate of learning
- ability to attend to learning
- level of proficiency with the English language
- preferred way of learning efficiently
- way of demonstrating their learning effectively
- interests and aspirations.

The Victorian Curriculum F-10: Languages

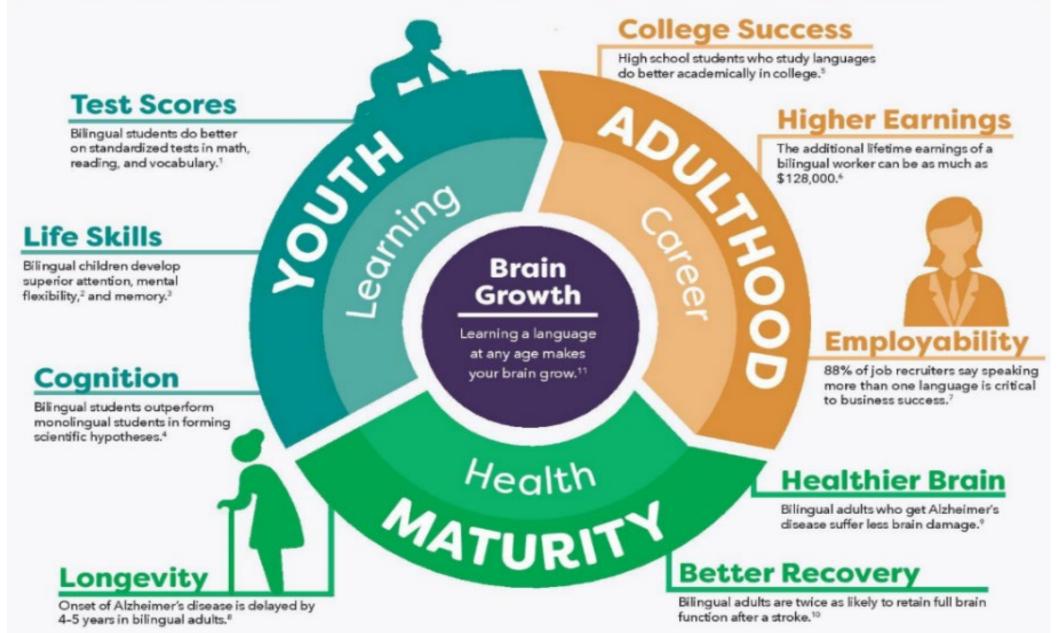
The Languages curriculum focuses on both language and culture, and students

- Learn to communicate across linguistic and cultural systems
- Develop language awareness and intercultural skills and understandings
- Develop openness to different experiences and perspectives
- Develop skills in negotiating experiences and meanings across languages and cultures
- Reflect on language use and language learning

"Education is not the learning of facts, but the training of the mind to think."

Albert Einstein 1879 - 1955

BENEFITS OF LANGUAGE LEARNING



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Empathy is...

seeing with the eyes of another, listening with the ears of another, and feeling with the heart of another.



Essential for cooperation and communication



Depth of Understanding & Interaction TEAMWORK & SHARING



The Cycle of Anxiety

Triggers

Disasters; Life changes (moving, death); Speaking in public; Automobile accident; Chronic illness; Physical/emotional pain



Thoughts

This is really scary. I can't handle this. Something bad will happen. I'm helpless. People always make fun of me. I'll be too embarrassed.

Physical Responses

Tight muscles; Rapid heartbeat; Increased blood pressure; Sweating; Flushed cheeks; Shortness of breath



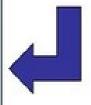
Feelings

Afraid; Nervous; Irritable; Confused; Panicky; Tense; Apprehensive; Helpless; Embarrassed; Shaky



Behaviors

Skipping; Avoiding situations; Perfectionism; Substance use/abuse; Becoming dependent on others; Making up excuses



Emotions and Learning Cycle Constructive Learning satisfaction confusion curiosity disappointment investigate diagnose Π Positive Affect Negative Affect ▶ +1 -1 frustration hopefulness Ш IV determination dispiritedness discard misconceptions fresh research Un-Learning

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PROVIDE AMPLE LISTENING EXERCISES TO ENCOURAGE PARTICIPATION AND REDUCE NEGATIVE EMOTIONAL RESPONSES (BOREDOM, ANXIETY AND SELF-DOUBT)

Relay writing on the whiteboard

- Students are given model writing for words on a particular topic like food
- They tend to revise with one another for the competitive edge
 - 吃 面 条 包 好





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Single word flash cards to trace writing



Game to reinforce place

names

Game inner and outer circle or just one circle. Send a plane across different destinations. Use a rhythm clap clap Shanghai Beijing clap clap Beijing Guangzhou clap clap Guangzhou Chengdu clap clap Chengdu Tianjin clap clap till all cities are done. If the rhythm or pronunciation is compromised the next circle takes over. Students do help each other and exposed to repetition



Success =

Compete Connect Cooperate

Games – remove the tables!

- Allows student movement/ different positions and locations
- Fosters competitive spirit between teams
- Fosters mutual assistance and cooperation within teams
- Validates differences in skills and abilities
- Develops social cohesion and friendships
- Sense of attainment short term and develops long term goals
- Lots of listening and repetition
- Motivation level transferred to other classroom activities
- Facilitate learning in respectful communities with diversity
- Increases the capacity for wise observation

Unjumble familiar text or dialogues





Keep activities physical

- Game for yes/no questions and answers based on creating pairs. Lots of role modelling and repetition
- Send a team of 8 students outside
- Place 10 words or pictures on the floor in the middle of the circle related to food or transport
- Distribute 10 duplicate words or pictures to students who have remained inside on seats
- Invite the original team of 8 back in to interview the seated students with questions like 'do you like fruit?' 'do you go by bus?'
- If the answer is YES then the pair is placed on top of the picture in the middle
- The team of 8 help each other and see how many pairs they can get in 3 minutes.













跑步

踢足球









弹钢琴

听音乐

画画

游泳





Teammates act out verbs *keep it* in the target language



Verb based dominoes game and learning how to pick up noodle pieces

IMAGES SHOULD BE RELEVANT



Whose shadow is this?

- Some students like to work with familiar toys.
- Questions appear to be obvious
- Guessing is encouraged
- Being wrong is no big deal
- Minimal anxiety
- Maximum fun



Games are also useful for cultural

公容易

understanding

- Learn to use chopsticks
- Run around with a bamboo stick- have a race while you are at it
- What level of cooperation is required?

YOU! NOW & TOMORROW



Globalisation Complex social and environmental issues Technology Innovation and problem solving Continual workplace learning Inclusion and cooperation



GETTING it all TOGETHER





What business are we in?



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April 2023

computers with the cognitive, social and emotions capabilities of humans, so that we educate... ...first-class humans, not second-class robots."

> https://consiliumetacation.com/fore2021/04/28/bibballs-competents https://www.seci.org/webcador/?/webcation-ind-fote.pdf

Constant of the second second

the central role of language learning

> developing humans

> > martin.westwell@sa.gov.au

